The Hopkins Lecture Hall

The largest lecture hall in the Law School has been named in honor of Albert L. Hopkins, JD'08. At a dedication ceremony held in April Mr. Hopkins' portrait was unveiled and nameplates were displayed designating the 171-seat classroom as the Albert L. Hopkins Lecture Hall.

Speakers on the occasion included Mr. Hopkins, his law partner Thomas R. Mulroy, JD'28, George W. Beadle, President of the University, Edward H. Levi, Professor of Law and Provost of the University, and Phil C. Neal, Professor of Law and Dean of the Law School.

Mr. Hopkins was born in Hickory, Mississippi, in 1886. After attending Millsaps College and the University of Mississippi, he received the Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Chicago in 1905. He was awarded the J.D. degree, *cum laude*, from the University of Chicago in 1908, and the LL.B. from Harvard University in 1909.

In 1917 he served as Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois. Mr. Hopkins was also Assistant Chief Counsel of the United States Interstate Commerce Commission from 1917 until 1919. During that period of service he wrote the legal opinion on which President Wilson relied in assuming control over the railroads in World War I. He also served as a Special Attorney for the Internal Revenue Service in 1919. In this capacity he directed the prosecution and conviction of "Umbrella Mike" Boyle and the electrical switchboard manufacturers for violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act; Boyle was the first person to serve a prison term for a Sherman Act violation.

Since 1920, Mr. Hopkins has practiced law in Chicago, where he is now senior member of the firm of Hopkins, Sutter, Owen, Mulroy, Wentz and Davis.
Mrs. Neal and Dean Neal greet Mrs. Albert Hopkins

The portrait of Mr. Hopkins which hangs in the Albert L. Hopkins Lecture Hall is admired by Mrs. Hopkins, their son, Albert L. Jr., and three of their grandchildren.

Provost of the University Edward H. Levi, JD'35, congratulates Mr. Hopkins at the conclusion of his talk.

Phil C. Neal, Dean of the Law School, formally announces the naming of the Albert L. Hopkins Lecture Hall.

Thomas R. Mulroy, JD'28, a director of the Law Alumni Association, and partner of Mr. Hopkins, was the first speaker at the Dedication Ceremonies.
The Kreeger Chair

The Julius Kreeger Professorship of Law and Criminology has been established at the Law School in memory of a distinguished alumnus who was, for more than forty years, a prominent practitioner in Chicago.

Norma R. Morris, Professor of Law at the School since the Autumn Quarter, 1964, has been appointed to the chair.

The Kreeger Professorship was established with a gift from Mrs. Arthur Wolf in memory of her late husband, Julius Kreeger. In presenting the gift, Mrs. Wolf said: "I can think of no way more fitting to honor the memory of my late husband. Through the establishment of this professorship, my family and I hope to encourage the study of criminal law and advance the community's knowledge of how to deal effectively with one of society's greatest problems, that of criminal behavior."

Julius Kreeger, born in Chicago in 1896, received both his Ph.B., in 1917, and his J.D., in 1920, from the University. He practiced from 1921 until 1935 with the firm of Felsenthal, Struckman and Berger, and from 1935 until 1946 as a partner of Mayer and Kreeger; in 1946 he opened his own offices.

Mr. Kreeger was president of Motoramp Garages of Illinois, past President of the Standard Club and served on the board of Michael Reese Hospital Research Foun-

Israel's Highest Judge

The Honorable Shimon Agranat, JD'29, has recently been elevated to the Presidency of the Supreme Court of Israel. Justice Agranat entered private practice in Palestine upon graduation from the Law School. He has been a member of the Supreme Court of Israel for several years and was serving, at the time of this appointment, as Relieving President of the Court, the second-ranking member.

Mrs. Arnold Wolf