The work of each year is treated as a unit and emphasis is placed upon the interrelations in the material studied in the various courses. Progress of the student is determined by comprehensive examinations given annually and by the individual papers prepared by him. During the emergency period modifications in this examination system may be required.

The degree of Doctor of Law (J.D.) is awarded to students of the four-year program who have been in residence for twelve quarters and who have demonstrated by their standing in the annual examinations and by their individual investigations and reports a mastery of the fields included in the required program and who have successfully completed the work in five elective seminars or courses or equivalent individual work approved by the faculty.

Students entering the four-year program before the Winter Quarter, 1944, will be eligible for the degree Bachelor of Arts (A.B.) after continuing in residence for six quarters and demonstrating a mastery of the fields included in the first two years of the program.

THE THREE-YEAR PROGRAM

The three-year program is normally open only to graduates of four-year colleges. For the duration of the emergency, however, it will be open to students who have completed at least three years of acceptable college work in an institution accredited to the University of Chicago. The methods of instruction and of examination are the same as those described above. The details of the program are given on page 10.

The degree of Doctor of Law (J.D.) is awarded to students of the three-year program who have been in residence for nine quarters and who have demonstrated by their standing in the annual examinations and by their individual investigations and reports a mastery of the fields included in the required program and who have successfully completed the work in three elective seminars or courses or equivalent individual work approved by the faculty.

THE LL.M. PROGRAM

The LL.M. program is designed for graduates of approved law schools who wish to study the relations between law and other social sciences. It is open to graduates of law schools which are members of the Association of American Law Schools or approved by the American Bar Association and to graduates of foreign schools of comparable standing. The normal program for the LL.M. includes Law and Economic Organization (see page 8) and three seminars or courses (or equivalent individual work) selected with the approval of the faculty committee on graduate study. The degree of Master of Laws (LL.M.) is awarded to students who have been in residence for three quarters and who have successfully completed the work of this program.
THE RESEARCH PROGRAM

The research program is designed for students who, in the opinion of the Faculty, are qualified to do research on advanced problems in law.

The degree of Doctor of Jurisprudence (J.S.D.) is awarded to research students who have been in residence at the School for at least one year, have pursued such studies as the Faculty has prescribed, and have submitted a dissertation which has been accepted by the Faculty as a creditable contribution to legal science.

III. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION

THE FOUR-YEAR PROGRAM

FIRST YEAR

201. Elements of the Law.—Analysis of ideas basic to the law: the natural law, corrective and distributive justice, equity, legal acts; the structure and methods of the legal system: court and legislature, precedent, logic, and social policy; the growth and evolution of legal concepts: types of concepts, analytical concepts of the law, the relationship of law to the social sciences; some fundamental institutions: property, contract, the state, custom, and liberty; rhetoric and the law. Steffen and Levi, Elements of the Law. Sum (5 hours), KESSLER; or Aut (4 hours), Win (2 hours, first half), LEVI.

202. Law and the Nature of Man.—Analysis of problems of individual and social psychology relevant to the study of law. Mimeographed materials. Win (3 hours) Spr (3 hours), HUTCHINS, ADLER.

203. Torts.—Protection of personal integrity, including freedom from contact, defamation, etc.; compensation for personal injuries: protection against injuries to property interests; protection of consumers, purchasers, and investors; protection of business and other interests from willful invasion, including relationship between employers and workers; protection of political and civil rights. Gregory and Borchardt, Cases and Materials on Torts. Aut (2 hours), Win (6 hours), GREGORY.

205. English Constitutional History.—Significant aspects of the exercise and limitation of the power of government and the relation of the individual to authority in the history of England. Aut (4 hours), ——.

220. Contract, Quasi-Contract, and Suretyship.—Tort and contract; promises; restitution, damages and specific performance; limits on enforcement: consideration, mistake, basic expectation, policy, legislation; contract in the economic and legal order; multiple party contract relations, including suretyship and assignment. Sharp, Cases on Contract and Quasi-Contract. Aut (2 hours), Win (4 hours), Spr (4 hours), SHARP, KESSLER.

260a. Civil Procedure I.—Jurisdiction of the person and of the subject matter; English and American court structure; common law and equitable remedies and the union of law and equity. James, Cases and Materials on Civil Procedure. Sum (4 hours), JAMES; or Aut (2 hours), Win (2 hours), JAMES, TEFFT.

260b. Civil Procedure II.—The framing and presentation of triable issues; preparation for trial and trial practice, with emphasis on the function of judges, juries, masters, and referees; the conclusiveness and effect of judgments and decrees. James, Cases and Materials on Civil Procedure. Spr (5 hours), JAMES.

299. Individual and Group Work.—Members of the first-year class are assigned to faculty tutors for the supervision of written work and individual research.

[Students entering the four-year program in the Summer Quarter, 1942, will take courses 201, 260a, and 310 in that quarter. In the Autumn and Winter quarters, they will take courses 303 and 340.]

SECOND YEAR

303. The Problem of Crime.—Social and legal problems in the substantive law of crimes; the administration of the criminal law; detailed study of particular crimes. Keedy, Cases on Administration of Criminal Law, and supplementary material. Aut (4 hours), PUTTKAMMER.