V. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION*

THE FOUR-YEAR PROGRAM

FIRST YEAR

201. Elements of the Law.—Analysis of ideas basic to the law: the natural law, corrective and distributive justice, equity, legal acts; the structure and methods of the legal system: court and legislature, precedent, logic, and social policy; the growth and evolution of legal concepts: types of concepts, analytical concepts of the law, the relationship of law to the social sciences; some fundamental institutions: property, contract, the state, custom, and liberty; rhetoric and the law. Steffen and Levi, Elements of the Law. Spr (4 hours), KESSLER.

202. Law and the Nature of Man.—Analysis of problems of individual and social psychology relevant to the study of law. Mimeographed materials. Win (4 hours), HUTCHINS, ADLER.

203. Torts.—Protection of personal integrity, including freedom from contact, defamation, etc.; compensation for personal injuries; protection against injuries to property interests; protection of consumers, purchasers, and investors; protection of business and other interests from wilful invasion, including relationship between employers and workmen; protection of political and civil rights. Gregory and Borchardt, Cases and Materials on Torts. Sum '44 (9 hours) or Win (4 hours), Spr (4 hours), GREGORY.

205. English Constitutional and Legal History.—A study of the process of legal change: problems in the relationship of English common law and statute law to a changing social and economic order; historical uses of reason by lawyers and judges. Illustrations mainly from the period of the Industrial Revolution. Aut (4 hours), BOORSTIN.

220. Contract, Quasi-Contract, and Suretyship.—Tort and contract; promises; restitution, damages and specific performance; limits on enforcement: consideration, mistake, basic expectation, policy, legislation; contract in the economic and legal order; multiple party contract relations, including suretyship and assignment. Sharp, Cases on Contract and Quasi-Contract. Aut (4 hours), Win (6 hours), KESSLER, SHARP.

260a. Civil Procedure I.—Jurisdiction of the person and of the subject matter; English and American court structure; common law and equitable remedies and the union of law and equity. James, Cases and Materials on Civil Procedure. Aut (4 hours), TEFFT.

260b. Civil Procedure II.—The framing and presentation of triable issues; preparation for trial and trial practice, with emphasis on the function of judges, juries, masters, and referees; the conclusiveness and effect of judgments and decrees. James, Cases and Materials on Civil Procedure. Spr (5 hours), BOGERT.

299. Individual and Group Work.—Members of the first-year class are assigned to faculty tutors for the supervision of written work and individual research.

SECOND YEAR

303. The Problem of Crime.—Social and legal problems in the substantive law of crimes; the administration of the criminal law; detailed study of particular crimes. Keedy, Cases on Administration of Criminal Law, and supplementary material. Aut (4 hours), PUTTKAMMER.

304. Family Relations.—Marriage and the family as social and legal institutions; legal relations between members of the family and between the family and outsiders; dissolution of the family. Rheinstein, Cases and Materials on Family Relations. Spr (4 hours), RHEINSTEIN.

310. Economics.—The pricing process and the allocation of resources in a free-market system; monopoly and restraint of trade; monetary theory and the credit system; industrial fluctuations; economic analysis and economic policy. Win (4 hours), SIMONS.

311. Accounting.—An introduction to accounting techniques and to the interpretation of financial statements. Graham and Katz, Accounting in Law Practice (2d ed.). Aut (4 hours), KATZ.

* The courses which will be offered in the Summer Quarter, 1945, will be announced during the Spring Quarter, 1945.

320. **Sales.**—Elementary problems of contract and conveyancing law relating peculiarly to transfers of the general property in goods and documents of title. Bogert and Britton, *Cases on Sales*. Spr (4 hours), Bogert.


340. **Government I.**—The judicial interpretation and enforcement of written constitutions; the federal system; powers of the national government; interstate and foreign commerce. Dodd, *Cases on Constitutional Law* (3d ed.). Win (4 hours), Sears.

341. **Government II.**—RestRAINTS on governmental activity arising under the Bill of Rights and the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Fifteenth Amendments; eminent domain; retroactive laws. The general nature and function of administrative law; administrative finality and procedural requirements; study of typical administrative agencies in operation. Dodd, *Cases on Constitutional Law* (3d ed.); Sears, *Cases on Administrative Law*. Spr (4 hours), Sears.

361. **Moot Court.**—Preparation of cases and argument.

### THIRD YEAR


402. **Moral and Political Philosophy.**—The norms regulating private and public conduct, and a solution of the problem, what is good for the individual and for society, in terms of a determination of the ends of conduct and an ordering of the means thereto. The nature of justice, the principles of natural law, and the role of legality in the political order, will be discussed. The readings will be, in order: John Stuart Mill, *Utilitarianism*; Aristotle, *Ethics*; John Stuart Mill, *Representative Government*; Aristotle, *Politics*. Aut (4 hours), Hutchins, Adler.


420. **Negotiable Instruments.**—Comparative study of the different types of commercial and investment instruments, their different functions and legal incidents. Steffen, *Cases on Commercial and Investment Paper*. Spr (5 hours), Puttkammer.

430. **Trusts.**—The more elementary problems relating to the creation and administration of trusts. Bogert, *Cases on Trusts*. Win (4 hours), Bogert.


470. **Conflict of Laws.**—The problems arising when important facts of a case occur in states or countries having different rules of law. Cheatham, Dowling, and Goodrich, *Cases on Conflict of Laws*. Aut (4 hours), Rheinstein.

### Elective Seminars or Courses

During 1944-45 students will elect four of these seminars or courses listed on pages 9-10.

### FOURTH YEAR


510a. **Industrial Organization and Prices.**—The effect of industrial organization on the processes determining prices, and the legal devices and institutions designed to con-
trol or implement the types of organization considered; anti-trust laws; governmental price-fixing, including utility rate regulation and war-time price control. Aut (4 hours).

510b. Labor Organization and Wages.—The legal status of unions and of typical concerted activities of labor; union organization and collective bargaining under federal and state laws; wage-and-hour legislation. Win (4 hours).

510c. Credit and Business Fluctuations.—Monetary and credit policy and the control of industrial fluctuations. The Federal Reserve System and supplementary controls. Critical examination of current views as to the “business cycle.” Aut (4 hours).


510e. National Aspects of Taxation.—Income, estate, and gift taxation by the national government, and the national aspects of such taxation by the states. Some attention to property taxes and state excises from the same point of view. Problems of fiscal policy with reference to industrial fluctuations and the distribution of income. Win (5 hours), Spr (3 hours).

Elective Seminars or Courses.—During 1944-45 students will elect three of the seminars or courses listed below, or will pursue an equivalent program of approved individual work.

**ELECTIVE SEMINARS AND COURSES**

Students may suggest projects for individual research or study to be substituted, with the approval of the Faculty, for one or more of the elective seminars or courses. Courses related to law in other divisions of the University may similarly be substituted.

**202. Law and the Nature of Man.**—This course, required for first-year students in the four-year program, may be elected by third-year students in the three-year program. Win, HUTCHINS, ADLER.


**403. Substantive Criminal Law.**—The criminal act; criminal intent; circumstances affecting intent; consent; justification; parties in crime: agency, joint principles, accessories; crimes against the person, especially murder and manslaughter; larceny and kindred offenses. Harno, *Cases and Materials on Criminal Law and Procedure*. Sum ’44, SEARS.

**406. Comparative Law.**—Sociology of law. Methods of social control: informal and through law; the “rules of law” and the “law people” in different types of society, especially in modern civil law and common law countries. Rheinstein, *Cases on Comparative Law of Torts*, and other assigned readings. Spr, EVERETT C. HUGHES, RHEINSTEIN.

**480. Seminar on Criminal Law.**—A study of the administration of parole and probation. Win (4 hours), PUTTKAMMER.

**504. Medical Psychology** (identical with Psychiatry 301).—A general survey of the field of abnormal psychology and of the various neuroses, psychoses, and other disorders of personality. Win, DR. DAVID SLIGHT.

**513. International Law of Peace** (identical with Political Science 361, International Law).—Sources and sanctions of international law; recognition, intervention, jurisdiction, nationality, protection of citizens abroad, diplomatic and consular practice, the interpretation of treaties. Aut, QUINCY WRIGHT.

**514. International Law of War and Neutrality** (identical with Political Science 362, Pacific Settlement, War, and Neutrality).—Win, QUINCY WRIGHT.

**515. The Law of Aeronautics.**—The right of flight; liability for damage; licensing of pilots and craft; airports; regulations regarding flight and landing. Study of selected international conventions, federal and state statutes and regulations, and cases. Aut, BOGERT.

**522. Seminar on Suretyship.**—Surety bonds in the construction industry, with special reference to the construction industry in Chicago; a study of contract in a particular situation. Aut (4 hours), SHARP.

**527. Seminar on Comparative Law.**—A comparison of the treatment of important problems of contracts and torts in the Common Law and in the Civil Law. Mimeographed materials. Sum ’44, RHEINSTEIN.

531. Seminar on the Use of Land.—A study of common law and statutory rules relating to the use of land, and an examination of selected modern programs for affecting and controlling the use of urban and rural lands. Spr, Tefft.

544. Underlying Considerations in Constitutional Law.—Analysis of the Constitution of the United States with special attention to the taxing power, the commerce power, and the power of providing for the general welfare; the expressed limitations on governmental power and the necessary conditions for safety of life, liberty, and property; the theory of the threefold division of governmental power, the place of administrative boards and commissions, and the function of the judge in a democratic society. Sum '44, Crosskey.

THE THREE-YEAR PROGRAM

For description of the individual courses refer to the corresponding courses in the Four-Year Program, pages 7-9 above.

FIRST YEAR

201. Elements of the Law.—Spr (4 hours), Kessler.

203. Torts.—Sum '44 (9 hours) or Win (4 hours), Spr (4 hours), Gregory.

220. Contract, Quasi-Contract, and Suretyship.—Aut (4 hours), Win (6 hours), Kessler, Sharp.


260b. Civil Procedure II.—Spr (5 hours), Bogert.

304. Family Relations.—Spr (4 hours), Rheinstein.

330a. Property I.—Aut (6 hours), Bigelow.

299. Individual and Group Work.—Members of the first-year class are assigned to faculty tutors for the supervision of written work and individual research.

SECOND YEAR

303. The Problem of Crime.—Aut (4 hours), Puttkammer.

320. Sales.—Spr (4 hours), Bogert.

330b. Property II.—Win (5 hours), Tefft.

340. Government I.—Win (4 hours), Sears.

341. Government II.—Spr (4 hours), Sears.

361. Moot Court.—Preparation of cases and argument.

412. Corporate Management and Finance.—Katz. [Not given in 1944–45.]

420. Negotiable Instruments.—Spr (5 hours), Puttkammer.

430. Trusts.—Win (4 hours), Bogert.

460. Evidence.—Sears. [Not given in 1944–45.]

470. Conflict of Laws.—Aut (4 hours), Rheinstein.

Elective Seminars and Courses.—During 1944–45 students will elect two of the seminars or courses listed on page 9 and above.

THIRD YEAR


510a. Industrial Organization and Prices.—Aut (4 hours).

510b. Labor Organization and Wages.—Win (4 hours).
510c. Credit and Business Fluctuations.—Aut (4 hours).
510d. Bankruptcy and Reorganization.—Win (4 hours).
510e. National Aspects of Taxation.—Win (5 hours), Spr (3 hours).

Elective Seminars and Courses.—During 1944–45 students will elect three or more of the seminars and courses listed on page 9 and above, or will pursue an equivalent program of approved individual work.

VI. LECTURES

During the Autumn Quarter, Thurman Wesley Arnold, Associate Justice, United States Court of Appeals, District of Columbia, will give a series of lectures under the auspices of the Charles R. Walgreen Foundation. The subject and the dates of the lectures will be announced early in October.

VII. EQUIPMENT

The Law School occupies a building situated on the Quadrangles of the University near Fifty-ninth Street and University Avenue. The building was especially designed for the use of the School by Messrs. Shepley, Rutan, and Coolidge, and the cornerstone was laid on April 2, 1903, by President Theodore Roosevelt. Built of Bedford stone in the English Gothic style, its external appearance is suggestive of the Chapel of King’s College, Cambridge. In the basement are seminar rooms, a clubroom, lockers, and library stackrooms. On the first floor are two large classrooms and a court room. The mezzanine floor is occupied by the library stackroom containing stacks for 100,000 volumes. Opening into the stackroom are the offices of the Faculty and the Librarian. On the third floor is the Law Library reading room, a great hall one hundred and eighty feet long and fifty feet wide, with timbered roof and clerestory windows on all sides. It has wall shelves for 15,000 volumes and tables for 350 readers. A bridge affords a direct connection between the reading rooms of the library of the Law School and the Harper Memorial Library.

On the walls of the building are hung the Charles B. Pike Collection of etchings and engravings of English and American judges and lawyers, and also portraits of various members of the Faculty and benefactors of the School.

The Law Library, containing approximately 114,000 volumes, has substantially all the reported decisions of the courts of the United States and of England, Scotland, Ireland, Canada, Australia, and the other parts of the British Empire, together with the statutes and session laws, textbooks, periodicals, digests, encyclopedias, and sets of classified and annotated reports of these jurisdictions. The Library has an extensive collection of the original briefs and records of cases in the Supreme Court of the United States. It also has a representative collection of the reports and opinions of various state and federal administrative agencies and the proceedings of various bar associations. The Library has an important collection of materials dealing