So far as possible, comprehensive examinations are used to determine a student's mastery of the subject matter of the first year of Law School work. Where comprehensive examinations are not possible, the sufficiency of the student's mastery of the subject matter is ascertained by course examinations, course papers, or in some other fashion.

The second year of work in the Law School leading to the A.B. degree consists of the first year of professional work. See pages 10 and 11, "First-Year Courses." The student's mastery of the subject matter of this second year of work for the A.B. degree is ascertained in the same way as with all other professional courses. See "Candidacy for the Degree of Doctor of Law."

If the collegiate standing of a student who is registered in the Law School is canceled, in whole or in part, such student will not be permitted to register for work in the Law School in any succeeding quarter until he shall have satisfied the collegiate requirements.

A minimum residence of three quarters in the University is required of candidates for the A.B. degree. Both an academic and a law degree are not conferred for fewer than six quarters of residence.

CANDIDACY FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF LAW (J.D.)

Application for admission to candidacy for the degree of Doctor of Law may be made:

a) By college graduates whose degree represents college work equivalent to 27 courses (three years) in the University:

b) By students who have completed in the University or elsewhere 27 courses (three years) of acceptable college work. The amount of credit given in each case depends upon the collegiate record of the individual student.

The degree of Doctor of Law (J.D.) is conferred upon candidates therefor who have satisfactorily completed the professional courses and who are college graduates. No law credits are counted if they were obtained before the student was qualified to enter the Law School as a candidate for this degree.

In order to complete the professional course required for the J.D. degree, it is necessary to complete, with a grade of 60 or better, a total of 27 courses of law work distributed over nine quarters of law school residence. These 27 courses of work must average 70, but in figuring this graduation average, a student having credit in excess of the required 27 courses may drop the lowest ones to the extent of this excess. At least 12 courses of this law work and four quarters of this residence (including the last quarter for which credit is given) must ordinarily have been at this School and not counted toward a law degree elsewhere. At least two courses of work must be taken and passed in the last required quarter of residence.

---

1 By special permission of the Dean, admission may be granted to students who lack not over three courses of completing three years of undergraduate work. Such permission is granted only in the Autumn Quarter to enable students to take advantage of courses beginning then. Students so admitted are not allowed to register for a fourth quarter of work in the Law School until the deficiency in undergraduate work is made up.

2 Those who have not received the college degree before entering the Law School may qualify for it in the manner explained above under "Candidacy for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts."

3 See section on "Advanced Standing in Professional Work" for application of this rule to those who enter with credit from another law school.

When a student registers for fewer than 3 courses in his last calendar quarter, because he needs less than one quarter of residence to complete the required 9 quarters, this requirement is reduced pro rata.
Graduates of approved law schools may obtain a degree in three quarters by satisfactorily completing 9 courses.

Candidates who complete the work with a graduating average of 78 receive the degree cum laude.

CANDIDACY FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF LAWS (LL.B.)

In occasional instances applicants who cannot satisfy the collegiate requirements necessary for a candidacy for the J.D. degree but who have had between two and three years of collegiate work, and who are of mature years may be admitted as candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) by special vote of the Faculty. Such admission is granted only in unusual circumstances. Applicants desiring to enter for the degree should assure themselves well in advance that they will be accepted.

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) is conferred upon candidates therefor who have satisfactorily completed the professional course. Law work done elsewhere by a student, while inadmissible here for this degree, is credited toward it only upon examinations taken after he becomes admissible.

The requirements as to quality of work, grades attained, and honor degrees are the same as with regard to candidates for the J.D. degree (see above).

Applicants for admission to candidacy for the J.D. or LL.B. degrees are required to take an intelligence test and a legal aptitude test at the beginning of the Quarter in which they enter the Law School.

CANDIDACY FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF JURISPRUDENCE (J.S.D.)

Candidacy for the degree of Doctor of Jurisprudence (J.S.D.) is open to students who are the holders of a Bachelor's degree and of a degree from some law school of high standing, and who show a marked ability for legal scholarship. All admissions to candidacy for this degree are by special vote of the Faculty. Applications should be made not later than April 1.

The J.S.D. degree is conferred upon the satisfaction of the following conditions:
1. At least three quarters of residence at this School.
2. The satisfactory completion at this Law School of such studies as the Faculty may prescribe.
3. The submission of a printed dissertation upon invitation by vote of the Faculty and the acceptance of such dissertation as a creditable contribution to legal science.

ADVANCED STANDING IN PROFESSIONAL WORK

Non-graduates from other law schools of high grade, who are otherwise qualified to enter the School, may receive credit, not ordinarily exceeding 3 quarters of residence and 15 courses in amount, for the satisfactory completion of work done there similar in character to that required here. Graduates of approved law schools may be given a maximum credit of six quarters and 18 courses (two years). Such credit may not exceed three courses for each quarter of law school residence elsewhere, and, in whole or in part, may be given conditionally or upon examination. Courses for which credit is given are not assigned grades, whether examinations were required here or not. The number of courses of credit given for law work taken at other schools is subtracted from the re-