to that required here. The right is reserved to refuse such credit, in whole or in part, save conditionally or upon examination, and credit given may be withdrawn for poor work. (See "Regulations," pp. 7–8, below.)

Students who complete in residence here less than thirteen and one-half majors (one and a half years) of law must maintain a standing ten per cent above the passing mark to obtain a degree.

Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Laws must be twenty-two years old to be admitted to second-year standing, and twenty-three years old to be admitted to third-year standing.

*No credit will be given for work not done in residence at a law school.*

**DEGREES**

*Academic degrees.*—The University confers the degree of A.B., Ph.B., or S.B., upon law students admitted to candidacy for the degree of J.D. who have completed nine majors (one year) of work in the Law School, and, in addition to the admission requirements to a Junior College, have satisfied one of the following requirements:

a) Students who have pursued all their college work in the University must complete the courses prescribed for the college in which they are registered.

b) Students admitted to the University with less than eighteen majors (two years) of credit from other colleges must make up the deficiency below eighteen majors by taking prescribed college work for which they have not credit; above eighteen majors, pre-legal courses may be taken to satisfy any further deficiencies in prescribed work, except English.

c) Students admitted to the University with at least eighteen majors (two years) of credit from other colleges are required to complete only enough college work to give them altogether twenty-seven majors, and may take pre-legal courses to satisfy any deficiencies in prescribed work, except English.

If other than pre-legal courses are taken to complete twenty-seven majors under b) or c) above, they must consist of prescribed work to the extent of existing deficiencies in this.

If a student has deviated more than three majors from a regular course of study required at the college from which he comes, the relief from prescribed work permitted to him under b) and c) above will be diminished by the amount of such deviation in excess of three majors. Pre-legal courses may be taken or substituted to satisfy this extra deficiency.

Students already holding such degrees from other colleges may obtain an academic degree from the University upon satisfying the above requirements, but such students may not receive both an academic and a law degree with less than six quarters of residence in the University.

*Law degrees.*—The degree of Doctor of Law (J.D.) is conferred upon candidates therefor who are college graduates and have completed the professional course.

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) is conferred upon candidates therefor who have completed the professional course with a standing ten per cent above the passing mark.

To obtain either of the professional degrees it is necessary to complete twenty-seven majors of law work, distributed over nine quarters of law-school residence, of which at least nine majors of work and three quarters of residence (including the last quarter for which credit is given) must have been at this School. The work of the first year and the practice courses are required.
Candidates for either of the professional degrees who complete the course with high distinction will receive the degree *cum laude*.

No professional degree will be conferred upon any student markedly deficient in English, and no student may receive both an academic and a professional degree in the same quarter.

**FEES**

1. *Matriculation fee.*—A matriculation fee of $5 is required of every student entering the University for the first time.

2. *Tuition fee.*—The tuition fee in the Law School is $50 a quarter ($25 a term) for regular work (three majors). Students who take half-work or less pay half-fees, and receive residence credit *pro rata*. With the consent of the Dean, law students may take extra work in the Law School or in any department of the University without extra charge. If such extra work is counted toward a college degree, $15 a major is charged.

   Students not registered in the Law School pay $5 a major extra for each law course taken, except law courses offered by members of the Department of Political Science as part of the work of that department. Undergraduate students not registered in the Law School must pay $20 for each major law course taken as *extra work*.

   For the pre-legal course the tuition fee is $40 a quarter for regular work. For *extra work* $15 a major is charged.

3. *Diploma fee.*—The charge for the diploma of the University is $10.

4. *Payment of bills.*—All tuition fees are due and payable on or before the first day of each quarter to the Registrar, Press Building.

**Scholarships**

A small number of scholarships, each yielding a portion of the tuition fees for an academic year (three quarters), are awarded annually to meritorious members of the Law School needing such assistance, in return for service in the Law Library. A preference is given to students of high rank. Scholarships for the Summer Quarter only are awarded separately upon similar terms. All applications for scholarships for the Summer Quarter and for the succeeding year, accompanied by statements regarding the age, education, occupation, scholarship, and other qualifications of the applicant, should be made in writing to the Dean before June 1.

**Regulations**

Law students who are candidates for an academic degree from the University must conform to the general rules and regulations governing Senior College students. A number of these rules are waived in the case of students already holding college degrees representing twenty-seven majors of work.

In any one quarter first-year students may not register for more than three majors, nor other students for more than three and one-half majors of work, without the consent of the Dean.

Students may not take examinations (except to remove conditions) in more than ten and one-half majors of resident work in any three consecutive quarters.

The work of the first year and the practice courses are required. The second- and third-year courses are elective and need not be taken in any fixed order.

To obtain credit toward a law degree for any work done in the School students must pass the regular examinations, which are by printed questions to be answered