THE LAW SCHOOL

I. THE FACULTY

HARRY PRATT JUDSON, A.M., LL.D., President of the University.
JAMES PARKER HALL, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law; Dean of the Law School.
FLOYD RUSSELL MECHEM, A.M., Professor of Law.
HORACE KENT TENNEY, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law.
ERNST FREUND, Ph.D., J.U.D., Professor of Law.
JULIAN WILLIAM MACK, LL.B., Professor of Law.
CLARKE BUTLER WHITTIER, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law.
HARRY AUGUSTUS BIGELOW, A.B., LL.B., Associate Professor of Law.

HENRY VARNUM FREEMAN, A.M., Professorial Lecturer on Legal Ethics.
CHARLES EDWARD KREMER, Professorial Lecturer on Admiralty Law.
FRANK FREMONT REED, A.B., Professorial Lecturer on Copyright and Trademark Law.
JOHN MAXCY ZANE, A.B., Professorial Lecturer on Mining and Irrigation Law.
Percy Bernard Eckhart, Ph.B., LL.B., Lecturer on Public Service Companies and Carriers, and Damages.

NATHAN ABBOTT, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law, Columbia University (Summer Quarter, 1907).
HORACE LAFAYETTE WILGUS, M.S., Professor of Law, University of Michigan (Summer Quarter, 1907).
EDWARD SAMPSON THURSTON A.M., LL.B., Assistant Professor of Law, George Washington University (Summer Quarter, 1907).

FREDERICK WILLIAM SCHENK, Librarian.

II. ORGANIZATION AND EQUIPMENT

GENERAL STATEMENT

The University of Chicago Law School was established in 1902. It aims to give a thorough legal training to students whose education and maturity have fitted them to pursue serious professional study. The method of instruction employed—the study and discussion of cases—is designed to give an effective knowledge of legal principles and to develop the power of independent legal reasoning. The course of study offered, requiring three academic years for completion, is not local in its scope, but constitutes a thorough preparation for the practice of law in any English-speaking jurisdiction. By taking advantage of the quarter system (see “General Information,” p. 6, below) students may complete the course in two and one-fourth calendar years.

Only college graduates or students who have had college work equivalent to three years in the University are admitted as regular students, candidates for the degree of Doctor of Law (J. D.),* which is conferred upon college graduates only. The University permits one year of law to be counted as the fourth year of college work, and confers an academic Bachelor’s degree upon candidates for J.D. who have completed one year in the Law School, thus enabling them to obtain both the academic and the professional degree in six years. Mature students of promising ability who cannot meet the above requirements may be admitted specially as candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) upon the conditions stated below, pp. 4, 5, under “Admission Requirements” and “Degrees.”

It is very desirable that the preliminary education of law students should include work in History, Economics, and Political Science, and provision has been made in the third college year for pre-legal study devoted chiefly to these subjects. This course is not required, but students expecting to study law are strongly advised to pursue it. Its suggested topics are found below, p. 7, under “Pre-Legal Courses.”

THE LAW BUILDING

The Law School occupies a new building within the University Quadrangle, erected especially for it in 1904. It is three stories high, 175 feet long and 80 feet wide, built of stone in the English Gothic style of architecture. On the first floor are four lecture rooms, two of which are in amphitheater form. The

*This form of degree (Juris Doctor) was chosen as appropriate for graduate professional work after consultation with other graduate law schools, and it has since been adopted by several schools.