Students over twenty-one years old who have completed approved high-
school or college work equivalent in amount to at least 15 units of admission
credit to the University (the usual college-entrance requirements—ordinarily
satisfied by four years of high-school work) are admitted as candidates for the
degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.), but must maintain an average standing in
their law work 10 per cent above the passing mark.

In rare instances students over twenty-one years old who cannot meet the
foregoing requirements will be admitted as unclassified students, if the Law
Faculty is convinced that their previous training will enable them satisfactorily
to pursue the work. Such students are not candidates for a degree.

Fees and expenses.—A matriculation fee of $5.00 is paid by every student
entering the University for the first time. The tuition fee in the Law School is
$50.00 per quarter ($25.00 per term) for full work. Half fees are charged for
half work or less. Estimated expenses run from $135.00 to $225.00 for the
quarter.

Routine of entrance.—Applications and correspondence should be addressed
to James P. Hall, Dean of the University of Chicago Law School, Chicago, Ill.
A student from another institution should present his diploma or certificate of
graduation; or, if he does not hold a degree equivalent to three years of college
work in the University, he should bring a detailed statement of his work. Blank
forms for such statements will be sent upon application. All credentials should
be presented at the office of the Dean in the Law Building. In cases of doubt,
correspondence is invited upon these matters before the student presents himself
for admission. Directions for matriculation and registration will be furnished
in the Dean’s office.

Detailed announcement.—The complete Announcements for the Summer
Quarter of the University, showing the courses to be given in all the schools and
departments, with detailed information about the quarter system, advanced
standing, rooms, board, fees, expenses, University privileges, and other general
matters, will be sent to anyone upon application to the Dean.

COURSES OFFERED: SUMMER QUARTER, 1918

MJ. = Major course, four hours weekly for the quarter. M. = Minor course, four
hours weekly for one term. DM. = Double Minor course, eight hours weekly for one
term. With the permission of the Dean courses continuing through both terms of the
quarter may be taken for the First Term only, but no examination may be taken until
the student later completes the course. When only the first half of a subject is given,
credit is provisional until it is completed in a later quarter. Twelve to fourteen hours
weekly constitute full work. By special permission a maximum of sixteen hours may
be taken.

I. FIRST-YEAR COURSES
(The work of the first year is required.)

3A. Personal Property.—Distinction between real and personal property;
aquisition of rights; gift; bailment; lien; pledge; fixtures; emblements.
Bigelow, Cases on Personal Property. M. First Term, W., 8:10; Tu., Th., 11:50;
and F., 1:30, Professor Bigelow.

4. Agency.—Nature of relation; appointment; liabilities of principal: torts,
contracts, crimes, admission; liabilities of agent; parties to writings; undis-
closed principal; obligations between principal and agent; delegation of agency;
termination of agency; ratification. Wambaugh, Cases on Agency. DM.
Second Term, daily, 9:15, and M., W., F., 11:50, Professor Mechem.
7. Persons.—Husband and Wife: marriage and divorce; incidents of marital relation as between spouses and against third parties; husband’s liability for torts and contracts of wife; incapacities of wife; statutory changes in common law. Parent and Child: custody; support; earnings and services; parental rights against third parties; parental liability for torts of or to children. Infants: contracts and conveyances: necessaries, affinity, disaffirmance, restoration of benefits, particular obligations; torts; crimes. Woodruff, Cases on Domestic Relations and Persons (2d ed.). Mj. M.–F., 2:35 [to August 14], Professor Freund.

80A. Remedies.—General theory of actions as remedies: recovery of damages for breach of obligation; recovery of debt; recovery of chattels; recovery of land. Steps in actions; functions of judge and jury. Scope of covenant, debt, detinue, account, trespass, trover, replevin, ejectment, trespass on the case (tort and contract). Cook and Hinton, Cases on Common Law Pleading (part). M. First Term, M., Tu., Th., F., 8:10, Professor Hinton.

II. SECOND- AND THIRD-YEAR COURSES

(These courses are elective and need not be taken in any fixed order.)

22B. Equity III (Quasi-Contracts).—Restitution at law for: mistake; misrepresentation; duress and undue influence; illegality; impossibility; benefits received under contracts within and without the statute of frauds; benefits received without contract. Thurston, Cases on Quasi Contracts. DM. Second Term, daily, 9:15, and M., W., F., 11:50, Professor Cook.

31. Mortgages.—Essential elements of legal and equitable mortgages; rights of mortgagor and mortgagee at law and in equity: title, possession, dower, curtesy, waste, priorities, collateral agreements, foreclosure, redemption, extension, assignment, and discharge of mortgages. Kirchway, Cases on Mortgage (2d ed.). DM. Second Term, daily, 8:10; Tu., Th., 11:50, and F., 1:30, Mr. Bills.

42. Public Service Companies.—Nature of public employment; its rights and duties; railroads and canals; telegraph and telephone; light and water companies; irrigation and drainage; inns and warehouses. Common carriers of goods and persons; liability; limitation of liability; bills of lading; stoppage in transit; connecting carriers; actions against carriers; tickets; baggage; compensation and lien. Wyman, Cases on Public Service Companies (2d ed.). DM. First Term, daily, 8:10; Tu., Th., 11:50, and F., 1:30, Professor Mechem.

63. Constitutional Law I.—Making and changing constitutions; function of judiciary in enforcing constitutions; separation and delegation of powers of government; personal liberty; interstate privileges and immunities of citizens; operation of fourteenth amendment; due process and equal protection of law: procedure, police power, taxation; eminent domain; protection to persons accused of crime. Hall, Cases on Constitutional Law (part). DM. First Term, daily, 9:15, and M., W., F., 11:50, Professor Hall.

67. Administrative Law and Officers.1—Administrative power and action: discretion; form and proof of official acts; notice; hearing and evidence; execution. Relief against administrative action: action to recover damages; specific relief (extraordinary legal remedies); jurisdiction, conclusiveness, and judicial control. Freund, Cases on Administrative Law. Mj. M.–Th., 1:30, Professor Freund.

86. Evidence.—Nature of evidence; the jury; judicial notice; burden of proof; presumptions; admissions; law and fact; rules of exclusion: misleading or unimportant matters, character evidence, confessions, hearsay, with their exceptions; opinion evidence; real evidence; writings, including proof of execution and contents, and the “parol evidence” rule; competency, privilege, and examination of witnesses. Thayer, Cases on Evidence (2d ed.). 14Mjs. daily, 10:20–11:35, Professor Hinton.

1 Not credited toward a law degree if taken before courses 1, 2, and 3.